

# Fiche n° 8. Trigonométrie

## Réponses

8.1 a) .....  $0$

8.1 b) .....  $0$

8.1 c) .....  $-1 - \sqrt{3}$

8.1 d) .....  $-\frac{1}{2}$

8.2 a) .....  $0$

8.2 b) .....  $-\sin x$

8.2 c) .....  $2 \cos x$

8.2 d) .....  $-2 \cos x$

8.3 a) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$

8.3 b) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$

8.3 c) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$

8.3 d) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1}$

8.4 a) .....  $-\sin x$

8.4 b) .....  $\frac{1}{\cos x}$

8.4 c) .....  $0$

8.4 d) .....  $4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x$

8.5 a) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$

8.5 b) .....  $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}$

8.6 a) .....  $\tan x$

8.6 b) .....  $2$

8.6 c) .....  $8 \cos^4 x - 8 \cos^2 x + 1$

8.7 a) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}$

8.7 a) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}$

8.7 a) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 b) .....  $\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}$

8.7 b) .....  $\left\{ \frac{-2\pi}{3}, \frac{-\pi}{3} \right\}$

8.7 b) .....  $\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 c) .....  $\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}$

8.7 c) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6} \right\}$

8.7 c) .....  $\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 d) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}$

8.7 d) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$

8.7 d) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 e) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\}$

8.7 e) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$

8.7 e) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 f) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}$

8.7 f) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\}$

8.7 f) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 g) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{13\pi}{12}, \frac{23\pi}{12} \right\}$

8.7 g) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{11\pi}{12}, -\frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12} \right\}$

8.7 g) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{12} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

8.7 h) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\}$

8.7 h) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\}$

- 8.7 h) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k \frac{2\pi}{3}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 i) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{13\pi}{7} \right\}$
- 8.7 i) .....  $\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7}, \frac{\pi}{7} \right\}$
- 8.7 i) .....  $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{7} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 j) .....  $\left[ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right]$
- 8.7 j) .....  $\left[ \frac{5\pi}{14}, \frac{9\pi}{14} \right]$
- 8.7 j) .....  $\left\{ \frac{5\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{9\pi}{14} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.8 a) .....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 a) .....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 b) .....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right]$
- 8.8 b) .....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{\pi}{3} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{3}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 c) .....  $\left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 c) .....  $\left[ -\pi, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 d) .....  $\left[ 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{11\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 d) .....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$
- 8.8 e) .....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$
- 8.8 e) .....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$
- 8.8 f) .....  $\left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 f) .....  $\left[ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{2}, -\frac{\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 g) .....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 g) .....  $\left[ -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$
- 8.8 h) .....  $\left[ 0, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{15\pi}{8}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 h) .....  $\left[ -\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ -\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{3\pi}{8} \right] \cup \left[ \frac{7\pi}{8}, \pi \right]$

## Corrigés

8.3 b) On peut utiliser  $\frac{\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{4}$  puis les formules d'addition.

8.4 b) On a

$$\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin 2x \cos x - \cos 2x \sin x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(2x - x)}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x}.$$

On peut aussi faire cette simplification à l'aide des formules de duplication :

$$\frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos x} = \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{2 \cos^2 x - 1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

8.4 d) On calcule

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(3x) &= \cos(2x + x) = \cos(2x) \cos x - \sin(2x) \sin x = (2 \cos^2 x - 1) \cos x - 2 \cos x \sin^2 x \\ &= 2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \cos x (1 - \cos^2 x) = 4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x. \end{aligned}$$

8.5 a) On a  $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = 2 \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} - 1$  donc  $\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 2}{4}$ . De plus,  $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} \geq 0$  donc  $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}{2}$ .

8.5 b) On a  $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = 1 - \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4}$  et  $\sin \frac{\pi}{8} \geq 0$  donc  $\sin \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}{2}$ .

**8.6 a)** On a  $\cos(2x) = 1 - 2\sin^2 x$  donc  $\frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{\sin(2x)} = \frac{2\sin^2 x}{2\sin x \cos x} = \tan x$ .

**8.6 b)** On a  $\frac{\sin 3x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos 3x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin 3x \cos x - \cos 3x \sin x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(3x - x)}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin x} = \frac{2\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = 2$ .

**8.6 c)** On a  $\cos(4x) = 2\cos^2(2x) - 1 = 2(2\cos^2 x - 1)^2 - 1 = 8\cos^4 x - 8\cos^2 x + 1$ .

**8.7 e)** Cela revient à résoudre «  $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  ou  $\cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  ».

**8.7 g)** Si on résout avec  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = 2x \in [0, 4\pi]$ .

Or, dans  $[0, 4\pi]$ , on a  $\cos t = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  pour  $t \in \left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}, \frac{13\pi}{6}, \frac{23\pi}{6} \right\}$  et donc pour  $x \in \left\{ \frac{\pi}{12}, \frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{13\pi}{12}, \frac{23\pi}{12} \right\}$ .

**8.7 h)**  $\sin x$  est solution de l'équation de degré 2 :  $2t^2 + t - 1 = 0$  dont les solutions sont  $t = -1$  et  $t = \frac{1}{2}$ . Ainsi, les  $x$  solutions sont les  $x$  tels que  $\sin x = -1$  ou  $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$ .

**8.7 j)** On a  $\cos \frac{\pi}{7} = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{7}\right) = \sin \frac{5\pi}{14}$ . Finalement, on résout  $\sin x = \sin \frac{5\pi}{14}$ .

**8.8 d)** Cela revient à résoudre  $-\frac{1}{2} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{2}$ .

**8.8 f)** On résout «  $\tan x \geq 1$  ou  $\tan x \leq -1$  ».

**8.8 g)** Si  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = x - \frac{\pi}{4} \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ . On résout donc  $\cos t \geq 0$  pour  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$  ce qui donne  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right]$  et donc  $x \in \left[0, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi\right]$ .

**8.8 h)** Si  $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ , alors  $t = 2x - \frac{\pi}{4} \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 4\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ . On résout donc  $\cos t \geq 0$  pour  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 4\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$  ce qui donne  $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{2}, \frac{15\pi}{2}\right]$  puis  $x \in \left[0, \frac{3\pi}{8}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{11\pi}{8}\right] \cup \left[\frac{15\pi}{8}, 2\pi\right]$ .