

Fiche n° 8. Trigonométrie

Réponses

- 8.1 a) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
- 8.1 b) 1
- 8.1 c) 1
- 8.1 d) -1
- 8.1 e) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- 8.1 f) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 8.2 a) 0
- 8.2 b) 0
- 8.2 c) $-1 - \sqrt{3}$
- 8.2 d) 1
- 8.2 e) $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 8.3 a) > 0
- 8.3 b) < 0
- 8.3 c) < 0
- 8.3 d) < 0
- 8.3 e) > 0
- 8.3 f) > 0
- 8.4 a) 0
- 8.4 b) $-\sin x$
- 8.4 c) $2 \cos x$
- 8.4 d) $-2 \cos x$
- 8.5 a) $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$
- 8.5 b) $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}$
- 8.5 c) $\sqrt{2} - 1$
- 8.6 a) $\tan x$
- 8.6 b) $\frac{1}{\cos(x)}$
- 8.7 a) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}$
- 8.7 a) $\left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}$
- 8.7 a) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 b) $\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right\}$
- 8.7 b) $\left\{ \frac{-2\pi}{3}, \frac{-\pi}{3} \right\}$
- 8.7 b) $\left\{ \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 c) $\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}$
- 8.7 c) $\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6} \right\}$
- 8.7 c) $\left\{ \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 d) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right\}$
- 8.7 d) $\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$
- 8.7 d) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 e) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4} \right\}$
- 8.7 e) $\left\{ -\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$
- 8.7 e) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.7 f) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \right\}$
- 8.7 f) $\left\{ -\frac{5\pi}{6}, -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} \right\}$
- 8.7 f) $\left\{ \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \cup \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{6} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$
- 8.8 a) $\left[0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$
- 8.8 a) $\left[-\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$

8.8 b) $\left[\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \right]$

8.8 d) $\left[-\pi, -\frac{5\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[-\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$

8.8 b) $\left[-\pi, -\frac{\pi}{3} \right] \cup \left[\frac{\pi}{3}, \pi \right]$

8.8 c) $\left[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$

8.8 c) $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$

8.8 c) $\left[-\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$

8.8 c) $\left[-\pi, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{6}, \pi \right]$

8.8 f) $\left[0, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi \right]$

8.8 d) $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[\frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6} \right] \cup \left[\frac{11\pi}{6}, 2\pi \right]$

8.8 f) $\left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \right]$

Corrigés

8.5 a) On a $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - 1$ donc $\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 2}{4}$.

De plus, $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) \geq 0$ donc $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}{2}$.

8.5 b) On a $\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = 1 - \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4}$ et $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) \geq 0$ donc $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}{2}$.

8.5 c) $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{2 + \sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2 - \sqrt{2})^2}{4 - 2}} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2} - 1$

8.6 a) On a $\cos(2x) = 1 - 2\sin^2(x)$ donc $\frac{1 - \cos(2x)}{\sin(2x)} = \frac{2\sin^2(x)}{2\sin x \cos(x)} = \tan(x)$.

8.6 b) $\frac{\cos(2x)}{\cos(x)} - \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin(x)} = \frac{\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)}{\cos(x)} - \frac{2\sin(x)\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} = \frac{\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)}{\cos(x)} - \frac{2\cos^2(x)}{\cos(x)} = -\frac{\cos^2(x) + \sin^2(x)}{\cos(x)}$

8.7 e) Cela revient à résoudre « $\cos(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ou $\cos(x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ».

8.8 d) Cela revient à résoudre $-\frac{1}{2} \leq \sin(x) \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

8.8 f) Si $x \in [0, 2\pi]$, alors $t = x - \frac{\pi}{4} \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$. On résout donc $\cos(t) \geq 0$ pour $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ ce qui donne $t \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right]$ et donc $x \in \left[0, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right] \cup \left[\frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi\right]$.