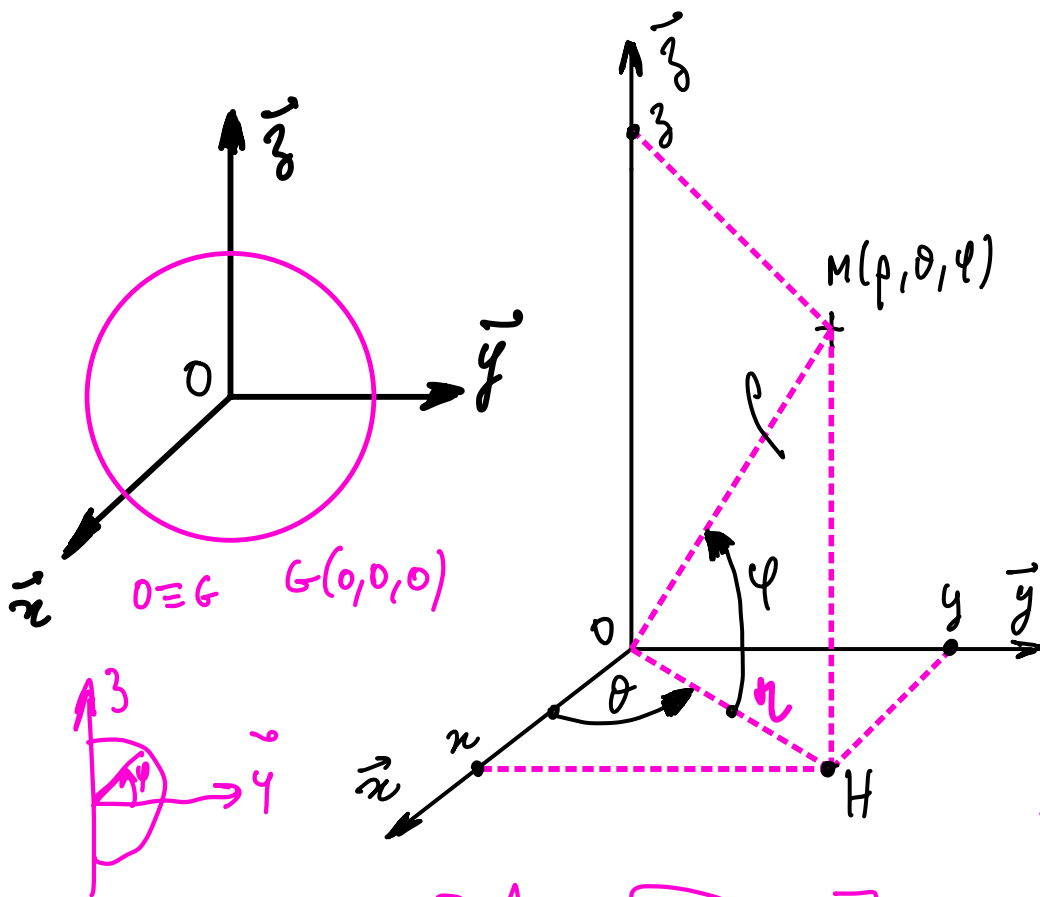


Opérateur d'inertie d'une boule de centre O et de rayon R



$$dS = \rho d\varphi$$

$$dS = r dr d\theta$$

avec $r = \rho \cos \varphi$

$$\rightarrow dS = \cos \varphi d\varphi$$

$$\Rightarrow dV = \rho^2 d\rho \cos \varphi d\varphi d\theta$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \rho \cos \varphi \cos \theta \\ y = \rho \cos \varphi \sin \theta \\ z = \rho \sin \varphi \end{cases}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$$

$$2PS \Rightarrow E = D = F = 0$$

$$J(0, S) = \begin{bmatrix} A_0 & & \\ & A_0 & \\ & & A_0 \end{bmatrix}_R$$

$$\text{Trace}(J(0, S)) = 3A_0 = \mathcal{E} \iiint (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dm = \mathcal{E} \iiint \rho^2 dm$$

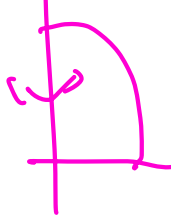
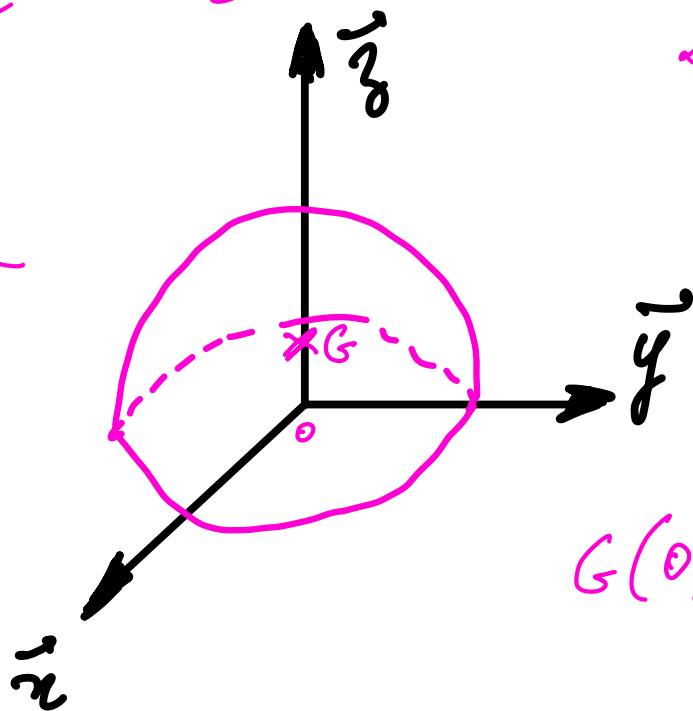
$$A_0 = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \iiint \rho^2 dm = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \iiint \rho^2 \eta dV = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \eta \iiint \rho^4 d\rho \cos \varphi d\varphi d\theta$$

$$A_0 = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \eta \int_0^R \rho^4 d\rho \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos \varphi d\varphi \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \eta \left[\frac{\rho^5}{5} \right]_0^R \left[\sin \varphi \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \left[\theta \right]_0^{2\pi}$$

$$A_0 = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \eta \frac{R^5}{5} [2] [2\pi] = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{3} \frac{m}{\frac{4}{3} \pi R^3} \frac{R^5}{5} 4\pi$$

$$A_0 = \frac{2}{5} m R^2$$

$\frac{1}{2}$ boule $z > 0$

2PS (y_0, z_0) et (x_0, z_0)

$$\rightarrow D=E=F$$

$$J(0, S) = \begin{bmatrix} A_0 & \text{diagonal} \\ \text{diagonal} & A_0 \\ & & C_0 \end{bmatrix}_R$$

$$G(0, 0, z_G)$$

$$z_G = \frac{3}{8} R$$

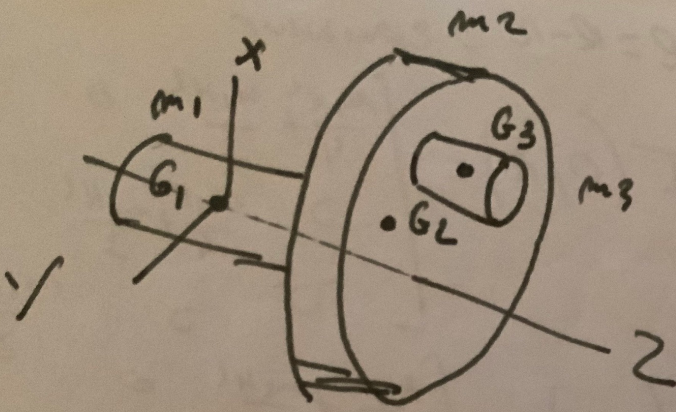
$$J(G, S) = J(0, S) - J(0, G(m))$$

$$\vec{OG} \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ z_G \end{vmatrix}$$

$$J(0, G(m)) = \begin{bmatrix} m z_G^2 & \text{diagonal} \\ \text{diagonal} & m z_G^2 \\ & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J(G, S) = \begin{bmatrix} A_G & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & A_G & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & C_G \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_G = C_0 \quad ; \quad A_G = A_0 - m z_G^2$$



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{G_1 G_2} &= a_2 \vec{x} + c_2 \vec{z} \\ \vec{G_1 G_3} &= a_3 \vec{x} + c_3 \vec{z}\end{aligned}$$

$$I(G_1, C_1) = \begin{pmatrix} A_1 & 0 \\ 0 & A_1 C_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$I(G_2, C_2) = \begin{pmatrix} A_2 & 0 \\ 0 & C_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$I(G_3, C_3) = \begin{pmatrix} A_3 & 0 \\ 0 & C_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$I(G_1, (S)) \overset{!}{=} 0$$