

Informatique - Chapitre 1 - Bonus

Algorithmes de tris

```
1 # Tri sélection
2 def tri_selection(l):
3     for i in range(len(l)):
4         minimum = l[i]
5         imin = i
6         for j in range(i+1,len(l)):
7             if l[j] < minimum:
8                 minimum = l[j]
9                 imin = j
10        if imin > i:
11            l[i], l[imin] = l[imin], l[i] # permutation
12        print((imin,i), l)
13
14 =====
15 # Tri insertion
16 def tri_insertion(l):
17     for i in range(1,len(l)):
18         val = l[i]
19         j = i
20         while j > 0 and l[j-1] > val:
21             l[j] = l[j-1] # décalage
22             j = j - 1
23         l[j] = val
24         print((i,j), l)
25
26 =====
27 # Tri rapide
28 def partition(l, g, d):
29     pivot = l[g]
30     m = g+1
31     for i in range(g+1, d):
32         if l[i] < pivot:
33             if m < i: # ne pas faire l'échange inutile si m = i
34                 l[m], l[i] = l[i], l[m]
35             m = m + 1
36     if m > g + 1: # ne pas faire l'échange inutile si m = g + 1
37         l[g], l[m-1] = l[m-1], l[g]
38     print((g,d), l, (pivot,m-1))
39     return m - 1
40
41 def tri_rapide(l, g = 0, d = None):
42     if d == None:
43         d = len(l)
44     m = partition(l, g, d)
45     if g < m - 1:
46         tri_rapide(l, g, m)
47     if d > m + 2:
48         tri_rapide(l, m+1, d)
```

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50 #=====
51 # Tri fusion
52 def interclassement(l, g, m, d):
53     i1 = g
54     i2 = m
55     tmp = []
56     for i in range(d - g):
57         if ( i2 == d or l[i1] < l[i2] ) and i1 < m:
58             tmp.append(l[i1])
59             i1 = i1 + 1
60         else:
61             tmp.append(l[i2])
62             i2 = i2 + 1
63     # Recopie de tmp dans l
64     for i in range(d - g):
65         l[g+i] = tmp[i]
66
67 def tri_fusion(l, g = 0, d = None):
68     if d == None:
69         d = len(l)
70     m = (g+d) // 2
71     print('Appels : ', g, m, d)
72     if g < m - 1:
73         tri_fusion(l, g, m)
74     if m+1 < d:
75         tri_fusion(l, m, d)
76     interclassement(l, g, m, d)
77     print((g,m,d), l)
78
79 #=====
80 # Utilisation des tris
81
82 liste_originale = [8, 2, 9, 3, 1, 5]
83 print('Liste originale : ', liste_originale)
84 tris = ['Tri sélection', 'Tri insertion', 'Tri rapide', 'Tri fusion']
85
86 for i in range(4):
87     liste = liste_originale[:]
88     print()
89     print('***', tris[i], '***')
90     if i == 0:
91         tri_selection(liste)
92     elif i == 1:
93         tri_insertion(liste)
94     elif i == 2:
95         tri_rapide(liste)
96     else:
97         tri_fusion(liste)
98     print('Liste triée :', liste)
```

Résultat

```
1 Liste originale : [8, 2, 9, 3, 1, 5]
2
3 *** Tri sélection ***
4 (4, 0) [1, 2, 9, 3, 8, 5]
5 (1, 1) [1, 2, 9, 3, 8, 5]
6 (3, 2) [1, 2, 3, 9, 8, 5]
7 (5, 3) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
8 (4, 4) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
9 (5, 5) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
10 Liste triée : [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
11
12 *** Tri insertion ***
13 (1, 0) [2, 8, 9, 3, 1, 5]
14 (2, 2) [2, 8, 9, 3, 1, 5]
15 (3, 1) [2, 3, 8, 9, 1, 5]
16 (4, 0) [1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 5]
17 (5, 3) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
18 Liste triée : [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
19
20 *** Tri rapide ***
21 (0, 6) [5, 2, 3, 1, 8, 9] (8, 4)
22 (0, 4) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9] (5, 3)
23 (0, 3) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9] (1, 0)
24 (1, 3) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9] (2, 1)
25 Liste triée : [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
26
27 *** Tri fusion ***
28 Appels : 0 3 6
29 Appels : 0 1 3
30 Appels : 1 2 3
31 (1, 2, 3) [8, 2, 9, 3, 1, 5]
32 (0, 1, 3) [2, 8, 9, 3, 1, 5]
33 Appels : 3 4 6
34 Appels : 4 5 6
35 (4, 5, 6) [2, 8, 9, 3, 1, 5]
36 (3, 4, 6) [2, 8, 9, 1, 3, 5]
37 (0, 3, 6) [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
38 Liste triée : [1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 9]
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