

Les forms du verbe anglais

basics

RAPPEL : l'anglais ne dispose que 2 temps grammaticaux (*tenses*), le présent & le prétérit !!!

♦ Verbe régulier, ex. TO TALK

		temps grammatical (<i>tense</i>)	
		présent (Ø)	prétérit (-ED)
aspect	simple (Ø)	I talk	I talk <u>ed</u>
	« déjà » (BE conjugué + V-ING invariable)	I am talk ing	I was talk ing
	perfect (HAVE conjugué + V-EN invariable)	I have talk ed	I had talk ed
	« déjà » + perfect	I have been talk ing	I had been talk ing

♦ Verbe irrégulier, ex. TO WRITE

		temps grammatical (<i>tense</i>)	
		présent (Ø)	prétérit (-ED)
aspect	simple (Ø)	I write	I wr <u>o</u> te
	« déjà » (BE conjugué + V-ING invariable)	I am writ ing	I was writ ing
	perfect (HAVE conjugué + V-EN invariable)	I have writ ten	I had writ ten
	« déjà » + perfect	I have been writ ing	I had been writ ing

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VOIX PASSIVE (auxiliaire BE conjugué + V-EN invariable)

		temps grammatical (<i>tense</i>)	
		présent (Ø)	prétérit (-ED)
aspect	simple (Ø)	it is writt <u>en</u>	it was writt <u>en</u>
	« déjà » (BE conjugué + V-ING invariable)	it is bein g writt <u>en</u>	it was bein g writt <u>en</u>
	perfect (HAVE conjugué + V-EN invariable)	it has be en writt <u>en</u>	it had be en writt <u>en</u>
	« déjà » + perfect	it has been bein g writt <u>en</u>	it had been bein g writt <u>en</u>

It is written in the stars above